

**UGC-NET/JRF EXAMINATION-2010,
POLITICAL SCIENCE
Paper – II**

1. Which theory of the State is expounded in Santhi Parva?
(D) Both Divine Right and Social Contract Theory

2. According to Gandhi,
(D) Ends and Means are interrelated.

3. “The public good ought to be the object of the Legislator.” – Who said it?
(D) Bentham

4. Who said, “Men are equal by nature; society, through the institution of property, has made them unequal”?
(B) Rousseau

5. The method of proceeding from general to the particular is
(A) Deductive Method

6. Who said that “the world at every stage is both a product and a prophecy”?
(D) Marx

7. One of the criticisms for the theory of Natural Rights is that it
(B) Assumes that rights exist prior to society

8. The Entitlement Theory of Property has been propounded by
(C) Nozick

9. The State is a necessary evil. This statement refers to
(B) Individualist Theory of State

10. Given below are two statements, one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R).
Assertion (A): Democratic socialism values unity in diversity.

Reason (R): Cultural Pluralism hinders the functioning of democratic institutions.

In the context of the above two statements, which one of the following is correct?

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true.

11. Robert Merton's concept of 'Political Machine' in a large city is associated with

(C) Functionalism

12. Who among the following is a proponent of the Theory of Underdevelopment?

(C) Samir Amin

13. In which one of the following systems of Government is Bicameralism an essential feature?

(D) Federal system

14. According to Max Weber, which one of the following types of authority is the basis of modern bureaucracy?

(C) Legal-Rational

15. Match List – I with List – II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

List – I List – II

- (a) Collective Responsibility
- (i) India
- (b) Multiparty System
- (ii) United States of America
- (c) Referendum (iii) United Kingdom
- (d) Due process of law
- (iv) Switzerland

Code:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)

(C) (iii) (i) (IV) (ii)

16. Match List – I with List – II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

List – I

- (a) Robert A. Dahl
- (b) Putnam
- (c) Francis Fukuyama
- (d) Almond and Powell

List – II

- (i) End of History and the Last Man
- (ii) Civic Culture
- (iii) Civic Traditions in Modern Italy
- (iv) Democracy and its critics

Code:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)

(B) (IV) (iii) (i) (ii)

The following two questions consist of two statements, one labelled as ‘Assertion’ (A) and the other labelled as ‘Reason’ (R). You are to examine these two statements carefully and decide if the Assertion

(A) And the Reason (R) is individually true and if so, whether the Reason is a correct explanation of the Assertion. Select your answers to these questions using the codes given below:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true.

17. Assertion (A): The Senate of U.S.A. is the most powerful second chamber in the world.

Reason (R): All States in U.S.A. enjoy equal representation in the Senate.

18. Assertion (A): Interest Groups compete for making their voice heard and interests protected by the decision makers in political systems.

Reason (R): Interest Groups extend support to political parties in a consistent manner

19. What is the correct sequence of the following Presidents of the U.S.A.?

- (i) Franklin D. Roosevelt
- (ii) George Bush (Sr.)
- (iii) Bill Clinton
- (iv) John F. Kennedy

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

(B) (i), (IV), (ii), (iii)

20. Write the following in the correct sequence:

- (i) The first meeting of the Constituent Assembly of India.
- (ii) New Deal Legislation in U.S.A.
- (iii) The Maastricht Treaty in Europe
- (iv) Merger of Baltic States into Soviet Union

Choose the correct code:

(B) (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)

21. Which of the following statements is correct about the Vice President Of India?

(B) Ex-officio Chairman of Rajya Sabha

22. The Dalit Panther Movement was launched in

(D) Maharashtra

23. The First Backward Classes Commission emphasized which of the following as a condition identifying social and educational backwardness?

(D) Caste

24. When the UPA Government was formed in 2004 at the Centre, the CPI (M) was

(B) Not part of the alliance, but was supporting the Government from outside.

25. Match List – I and List – II and select the correct answer from codes given below:

List – I

- (a) Finance Commission
- (b) Financial Emergency

- (c) Rajya Sabha
- (d) Constitutional Amendment

List – II

- (i) Article 360
- (ii) Article 312
- (iii) Article 368
- (iv) Article 280

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (D) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)**

26. Match List – I and List – II and select the correct answer from codes given below:

List – I

- (a) Morley Minto Reforms
- (b) Montford Reforms
- (c) Swadeshi and Boycott Movement
- (d) Home-Rule Movement

List – II

- (i) 1919
- (ii) 1909
- (iii) 1905
- (iv) 1916

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (B) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)**

27. Identify the correct chronological sequence of the following:

- (i) 42nd Constitution Amendment Act
- (ii) A.K. Gopalan Vs. State of Madras Case
- (iii) Declaration of Internal Emergency
- (iv) Kesavananda Bharti vs. State of Kerala Case

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- (C) (ii), (iv), (iii), (i)**

28. Identify the correct chronological sequence in which the following became Prime Ministers of India:

- (i) Charan Singh
- (ii) V.P. Singh
- (iii) Lal Bahadur Shastri
- (iv) Morarji Desai

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

(B) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii)

29. **Assertion (A):** Fundamental Rights are enshrined in the Constitution for the people.

Reason (R): People can move Court for violation of Fundamental Rights.

In the context of the above two statements which is correct?

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

30. **Assertion (A):** There are three lists dividing legislative authority between the Union and the States in India.

Reason (R): India has a federal system. In the context of the two statements above, which is correct?

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

31. Development Administration was defined as a 'goal oriented' and 'change oriented' Administration by

(D) Edward Weidner

32. The concept of 'Line and Staff' Agencies in Public Administration is borrowed from

(C) Military Administration

33. F.W. Taylor's concept of 'Scientific Management' was criticized by

(D) Human Relations Theorists

34. In India the Planning Commission was set up in the year

(B) 1950

35. Recruitment to Civil Service in India is based on the recommendation of

(D) Lord Macaulay

36. The communication that passes across different departments refers to

(C) Lateral Communication

37. The Contingency Fund in India has been placed at the disposal of

(B) President

38. Identify the correct sequence in which the following theories appeared?

I. Decision-Making Theory

II. Human Relations Theory

III. Classical Theory

IV. Public Choice Theory

Codes:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(B) III, II, I, IV

39. Match list – I with the list – II and select correct answer from the codes given below:

List – I List – II

(a) Charismatic Authority (i) Riggs

(b) Administrative Behaviour (ii) Weidner

(c) Development Administration (iii) Simon

(d) Prismatic Society (IV) Weber

Select the answer from the codes:

Codes:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(A) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

40. Assertion (A): The institution of Lok Pal has not been established to this day in India in spite of the best efforts of the Government.

Reason (R): The Political Parties in the Indian Parliament have not been able to arrive at a consensus.

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

41. Who used first time the word “Cold War”?

(A) **Bernard Brouch**

42. The General Assembly of U.N.O. passed the Declaration of Human Rights on

(B) **10 December, 1948**

43. The Headquarter of Economic Commission for Asia and Far East is situated at

(A) **Bangkok**

44. “One for all and all for one” is statement given by one of the following authors in regard to collective security.

(B) **Hans. J. Morgenthau**

45. What is the correct chronological sequence of the below? Choose the right answers from codes:

(i) The Atlantic Charter

(ii) Bretton Woods Conference

(iii) Casablanca Conference

(iv) Yalta Conference

(A) **(i), (iii), (ii), (iv)**

46. What is the correct chronological sequence of the models given by Morton Kaplan?

Choose the right answers from codes:

(i) Balance of Power

(ii) Universal International System

(iii) Tight Bi-polar system

(iv) Loose Bi-polar system

(A) **(i), (iv), (iii), (ii)**

47. Match List – I with List – II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

List – I List – II

(a) Farrakha barrage (i) India- Bangladesh

- (b) 1, 2, 3 Nuclear Agreement (ii) India-Sri Lanka
- (c) Srimao – Shastri Pact (iii) India-Nepal
- (d) Treaty of Peace and Friendship 1950 (iv) India-U.S.A.

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (B) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)**

48. Match List – I with List – II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

List – I

- (a) Inis Claude
- (b) K.J. Holsti
- (c) A LeRoy Bennett
- (d) K. Knorr & J.N. Roseau

List – II

- (i) Power and International relations
- (ii) International Organization Principle and Issues
- (iii) Contending approaches to International Politics
- (iv) International Politics

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)**

49. Assertion (A): For the realist the ruthless quest of power to promote National Interest is in the law of nature.

Reason (R): They firmly believe that moral and legal prescriptions are irrelevant at best convinces that may be discarded at will.

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

50. Assertion (A): The members of U.N.O. have committed to promote the respect for observance of Human Rights.

Reason (R): The Human Rights are inalienable, natural interdependent and indivisible. They are means to achieve human dignity.

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation.